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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/815,581	03/31/2004		Michael J. Antal JR.	UOHIP006D1	9383
22434	7590	03/13/2006		EXAMINER	
BEYER W P.O. BOX 7		& THOMAS LLP	NECKEL, ALEXA DOROSHENK		
OAKLAND, CA 94612-0250				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 03/13/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/815,581	ANTAL, MICHAEL J.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Alexa D. Neckel	1764					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailir earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from e. cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133)					
Status							
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 J</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This      Since this application is in condition for allowed closed in accordance with the practice under the practice under the practice.	s action is non-final.  Ince except for formal matters, pro						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☒ Claim(s) 20-24 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	wn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11.	epted or b) objected to by the Education of the Education of the drawing (s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing (s) is objection is required if the drawing (s) is objection is required if the drawing (s) is objection is required if the drawing (s) is objected to by the Education of the Edu	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>							
Attachment(s)	_						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	4) Interview Summary ( Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	e					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on January 9, 2006 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 3. Claims 20-22 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Antal Jr. et al. ("High-Yield Biomass Charcoal" from Energy & Fuels 1996, Vol. 10, Number 3, pages 652-658) in view of Bergman (WO 98/51434).

With respect to claim 20, Antal Jr. et al. discloses a reactor (figure 2) which comprises a housing (pressure vessel) with a sealable opening (pressure-tight hinged closure) for receiving a removable canister with a lid; heaters which heat the distal end (2) of the canister (fig. 2) (page 653, col. 2, paragraph under "Apparatus and Experimental Procedures"); a first valved exit orifice (3) at a proximal end (1) and a second valved exit (4) orifice at a distal end (2) of the housing (pressure vessel); and a valved entry orifice (5) at the proximal end (1) (page 653, col. 2, paragraph under "Apparatus and Experimental Procedures").

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Figure 2 of Antal Jr. et al. does not provide reference numbers, so the examiner has numbered various elements below to provide further clarification of how the reference has been applied.

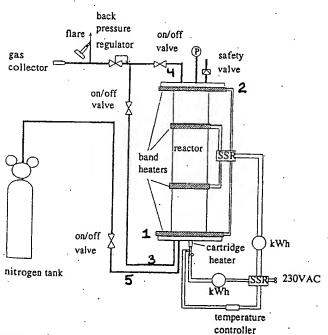


Figure 2. Schematic of the laboratory reactor.

The canister having a lid and by being lowered into the pressure vessel would result in minimal exposure of the canister contents to the atmosphere (page 653, col. 2, paragraph under "Apparatus and Experimental Procedures").

Antal Jr. et al. fails to disclose any insulation in the device.

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Bergman also teaches a pressure vessel (1) with a removable carrier (5) and heating devices (13) placed within the vessel (1) and provides insulation (4) so that it surrounds at least a portion of the carrier (5) (figure 1) so that heat dissipation to the surrounding pressure vessel wall is low (p. 5, line 22 –p. 6, line 20). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide insulation to the canister within the pressure vessel of Antal Jr. et al., as taught by Berman, in order to prevent dissipation of heat to the pressure vessel wall.

With respect to claim 21, Antal Jr. et al. further discloses wherein the heaters are resistance heaters (page 653, col. 2, paragraph under "Apparatus and Experimental Procedures").

With respect to claim 22, Antal Jr. et al. further discloses wherein a flare (burner) is in communication with the second valved exit (4) (see figure 2).

With respect to claim 24, the schematic illustration of Antal Jr. et al. has been applied so that the proximal end (1) is at the bottom and the distal end (2) is at the top of the vertically arranged device shown in figure 2. The device of Antal Jr. et al. arranged so that the proximal end (1), and its associated elements, is at the top while the distal end (2), and its associated elements, is at the bottom of the vessel would still be the same apparatus (only turned on end). It appears from the description of the operation of Antal Jr. et al.'s device, that in such an orientation, the device would continue to be operational. It has been held that there is no invention in shifting the location of parts when the operation of the device would not thereby be modified. In re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70 (CCPA 1950).

4. Claim 23 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Antal Jr. et al. ("High-Yield Biomass Charcoal" from Energy & Fuels 1996, Vol. 10, Number 3, pages 652-658) in view of Bergman (WO 98/51434) as applied to claim 20 above, and further in view of Kippelman (5,290,523).

The schematic of the apparatus of Antal Jr. et al (figure 2) only illustrates that the valved entry (5) passes into the proximal end (1) but fails to illustrate if it extends into the canister.

Koppelman discloses a method and apparatus for upgrading carbonaceous fuel which heats and pressurizes (col. 10, lines 24-40) bio-mass material to transform it into charcoal (col. 11, lines 17-19). Koppelman further teaches wherein preheating the inert gas feed results in reductions in overall operation time (col. 8, lines 52-60). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to extend the feed line of Antal Jr. et al. into the canister so that the heat of operation would preheat the nitrogen feed in order to achieve reductions in operation time as taught by Koppelman.

## Response to Arguments

### 35 USC 103

Applicant again argues that Antal is not designed to have in input of air and that "there is no way for Antal to 'introduce air at the proximal end of the canister through a valved air entry orifice".

The examiner again respectfully disagrees. Firstly, the material worked upon (such as air) is not given patentable weight in an apparatus claim, MPEP 2115, and in

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this case amounts to a recitation of intended use of the claimed device. Therefore the limitation of the valve being used for air is not given weight in the claim. Since the apparatus of Antal does provide for a valved entry (5) into the proximal end of the canister, the apparatus of Antal continues to read on the claim as applied.

Applicant has amended the claims to recited that a flame front is formed to cause a directional draft in the reactor.

The examiner does not find these amendments to claim 20 to impart any further structural limitations to the claims, but rather the use thereof. An apparatus claim covers what a device is, not what a device does. MPEP 2114. Further, a recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claim.

#### Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexa D. Neckel whose telephone number is 571-272-1446. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday from 9:00 AM - 7:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on 571-272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Alexa D. Neckel Primary Examiner Art Unit 1764

March 8, 2006

LEXA DOROSHENK NECKEL PRIMARY EXAMINER